#### VIDYA BHAVAN, BALIKA VIDYAPEETH

#### SHAKTI UTTHAN ASHRAM, LAKHISARAI, PIN:-811311

**SUBJECT:-** PHYSICS

CLASS:- XTH

DATE:01/07/XX

#### SUBJECT TEACHER:- MR. NEEL NIRANJAN

# CHAPTER 4. (LIGHT)

# 1. List four properties of the image formed by a convex mirror.

Answer. Properties of image formed by a convex mirror:

- 1. It is always formed behind the mirror, between the pole and its focus.
- 2. It is always virtual and erect.
- 3. Its size is always smaller than the object.
- 4. Magnification is always positive.

# 2. List four properties of the image formed by a concave mirror, when object is placed between focus and pole of the mirror. Answer.

- 1. The image is formed behind the mirror.
- 2. It is enlarged, he. magnified.
- 3. It is virtual.
- 4. It is erect.

### 3. List four properties of the image formed by a plane mirror.

Answer. Properties of image formed by a plane mirror:

- 1. It is always virtual and erect.
- 2. Its size is equal to that of the object.
- 3. It is formed at the same distance behind the mirror as the object is in front of the mirror.
- 4. It is laterally inverted.

# 44. Define the focus of a concave mirror. If the radius of curvature of a convex mirror is 30 cm, what would be its focal length? [Foreign]

**Answer.** The point on the principal axis where all the rays parallel to it meet after reflection is called focus. Since, R = 30 cm and f=R/2 we have, f=+15 cm for a convex mirror